

Outline

- What is Copernicus?
- Some applications: from core to downstream
- Governance and funding
- State of play, future actions





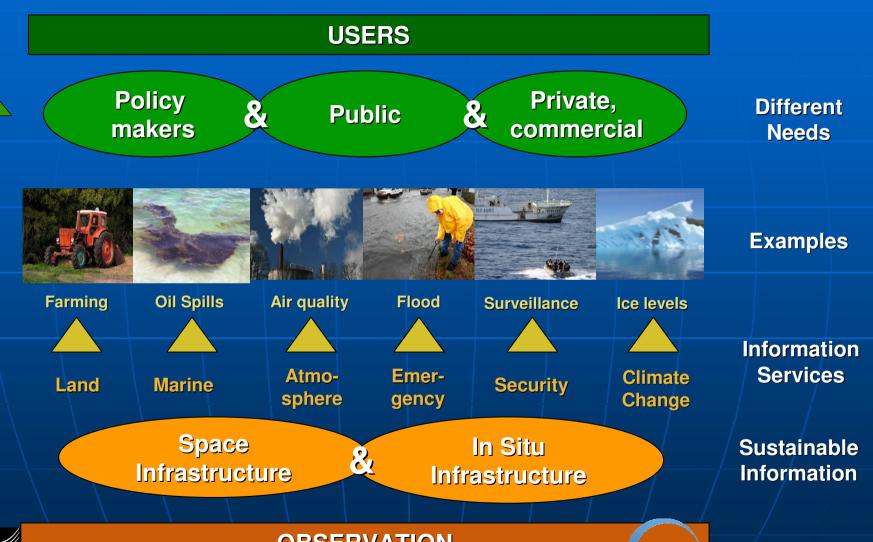
What is Copernicus?

- Once completed, one of the largest integrated Earth Observation systems
- An end user-focused programme of services for environment and security
- A source of information for the public, policymakers, scientists and businesses
- EU to GEO/GEOSS contribution





Copernicus Overall View: from infrastructure to users





Copernicus Space Infrastructure

■Dedicated mission

- ESA Sentinels 1 5, 5P
- To comply specific operational needs of the Copernicus programme
- To be launched in a period 2014-2020
- Employing new technologies, replacing end-of life missions

Contributing missions

- ESA, EUMETSAT, EU MS, international, commercial
- Existing and future

Copernicus In-situ Infrastructure

■To rely on existing monitoring systems

- Ground-based, seaborne and airborne sensors, radars/lidars...
- Operational and research
- MS, EU, International...







Copernicus Services

Monitoring of Earth systems



Land



Marine



Atmosphere

Horizontal applications



Emergency



Climate Change



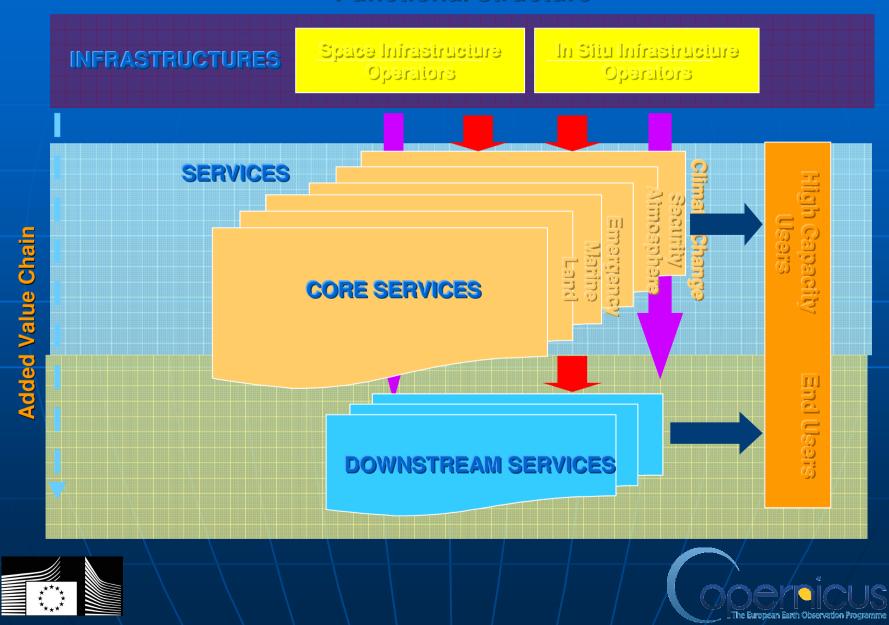
Security

⇒ Output: Value-Added Services





Copernicus Functional structure



Copernicus data policy

- A Copernicus Data and Information Policy shall provide for full, free and open access to information (limited only by occasions of significant security sensitivity)
- Delegated Act on Copernicus data and service information

COMMISSION DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) of 12.7.2013 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 911/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the European Earth monitoring programme (GMES) by establishing registration and licensing conditions for GMES users and defining criteria for restricting access to GMES dedicated data and GMES service information

Coherence with the INSPIRE directive





Copernicus programme Foreseen Economic Benefit

- A cost-benefit analysis was conducted taking account of the Copernicus funding from MFF 2014-2010
 €3.8 Bn => an average of €541 Mio/year
- Expected minimum financial benefit by 2030 is ~ € 30 Bn
- For every €1 spent we get a return of ~ € 3.2
- An estimated minimum of ~ 48,000 jobs to be created





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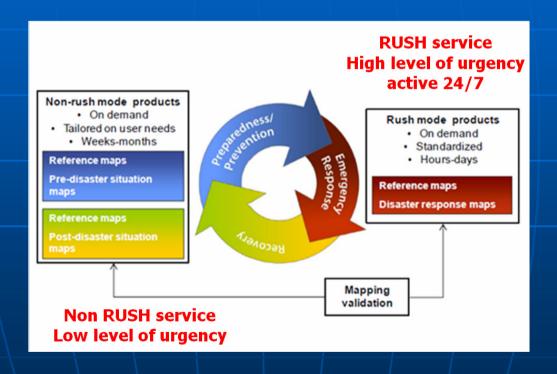
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Emergency Menagement ServiceProvided by JRC EC

Mapping Activations







Emergency Management ServiceNumber of activations

Summary of the Copernicus EMS - Mapping Activations						
Type of Disaster	Number of Activations	Number of Reference Maps	Number of Delineation Maps	Number of Grading Maps		
Earthquake	2	17	17	16		
Flood	18	122	148	0		
Forest fire, wild fire	9	26	23	13		
Industrial accident	2	6	2	0		
Other	10	59	6	0		
Wind storm	1	6	6	0		
[Total: 01.04.2012 - 17.09.2013]	42	236	202	29		

Status September 17, 2013





Latest Copernicus EMS – Activations

Title	Event Date	Туре	Country
Flood in Central and Southern Italy	2013-12-01	Flood	Italy
Flood in Sardinia	2013-11-18	Flood	Italy
Flood in Marche and Umbria	2013-11-11	Flood	Italy
Tropical Storm in Somalia	2013-11-09	Wind Storm	Somalia
Typhoon in Philippines	2013-11-08	Wind Storm	Philippines

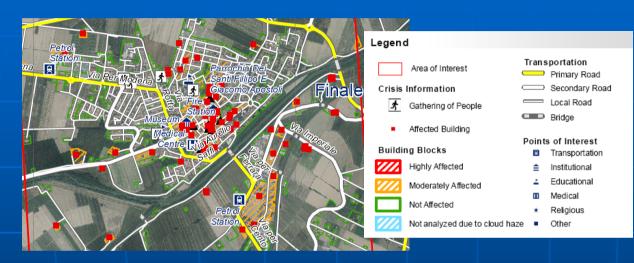
Copernicus EMS Activations in Slovenia

Title	Event Date	Туре	Country
Floods in Slovenia	2013-03-30	Flood	Slovenia
Floods in Slovenia	2012-11-05	Flood	Slovenia





Emergency Management Service



Italian earthquake



Japan tsunami



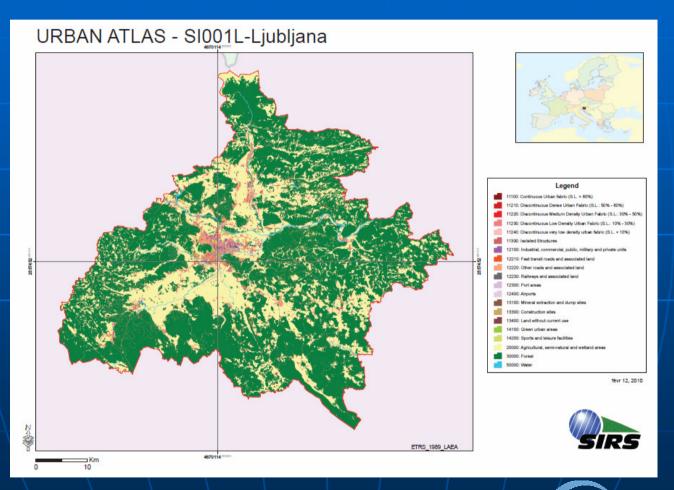


Land Monitoring Service Provided by EEA and JRC

URBAN ATLAS

- Spatial planning, a tool to monitor effects (positive or negative) of structural investment decisions
- Proper monitoring of Urban sprawl
- Cover 305 Larger Urban Zones (LUZs)
 - •Cities > 100 000 inhabitants
 - •At least one city per European region
- Uses the specifications developed by GSE Land project
 - •Geometric resolution: 1:10.000,
 - 0.25ha MMU in urban zones,
 - 1ha MMU outside
 - Positional Accuracy: ± 5 m
 - •21 thematic classes

Land Monitoring service Urban Atlas (Ljubljana)







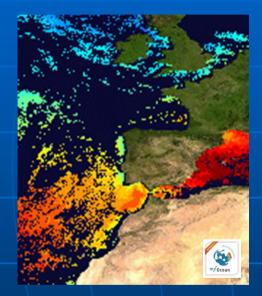
Marine Monitoring Service Provided by MyOcean

- Currents
- Temperature
- □ Salinity
- ☐ Sea ice
- ☐ Sea level
- Surface winds
- **□** Biogeochemistry

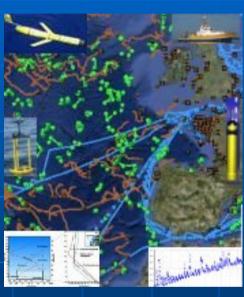




Marine Monitoring Service Sea Surface Temperature



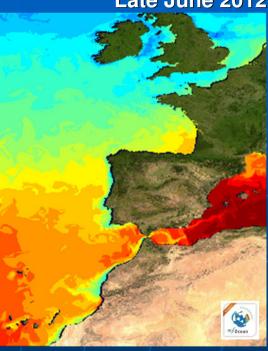
SST - satellite observation



in-situ measurements

Independent observation and measurements





Assimilated model product





Marine Monitoring Service Regional and Local Models

Nesting of models, IC and OBC







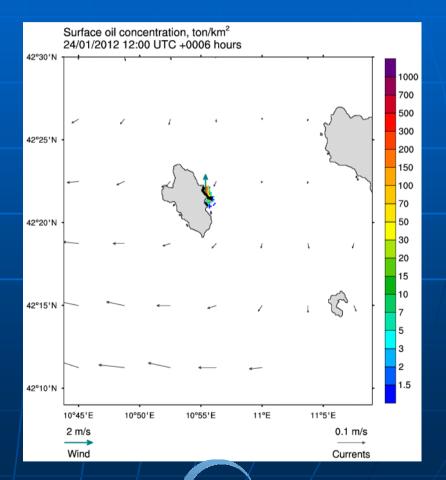
Marine Monitoring Service

The daily forecast of oil spill scenarios from Costa Concordia

13 January 2012

The ship contains 2500 Tons of oil (API 17) which are supposed to spill out in 72 hours







MyOcean iPhone app











Atmosphere Monitoring Service Provided by MACC-II

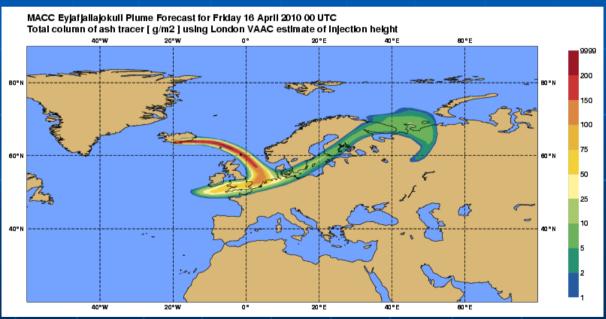
- 1. <u>Air Quality for Europe</u> (O3, NO, NO2, CO, SO2, PM10, PM2.5)
- Global Atmospheric composition
 (Greenhouse gases, reactive gases, aerosol, stratospheric O3)
- 3. <u>Climate Forcing</u> (CO2, CH4, monitoring and reanalysis of fluxes)
- 4. <u>Solar Energy, UV</u> (Ozon records, ultraviolet radiation)





Atmosphere Monitoring Service Volcano Eyjafjallajökull case



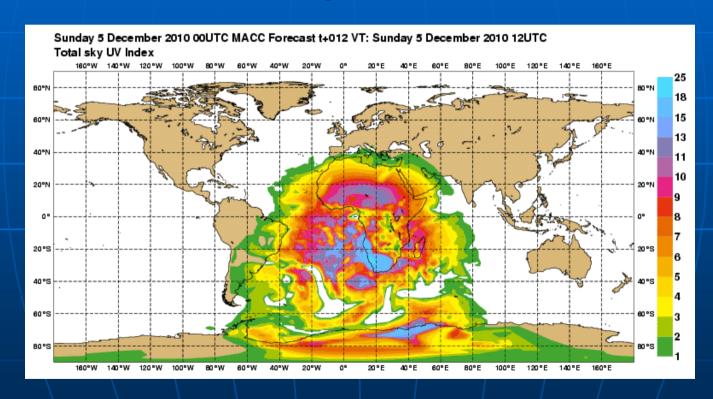






Atmosphere Monitoring Service

UV and Solar Energy Example: UV index





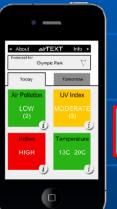


Atmosphere Monitoring Service

Downstream opportunities
"Air quality information where people live"









- More tham 120 regular downloads of MACC-II data daily





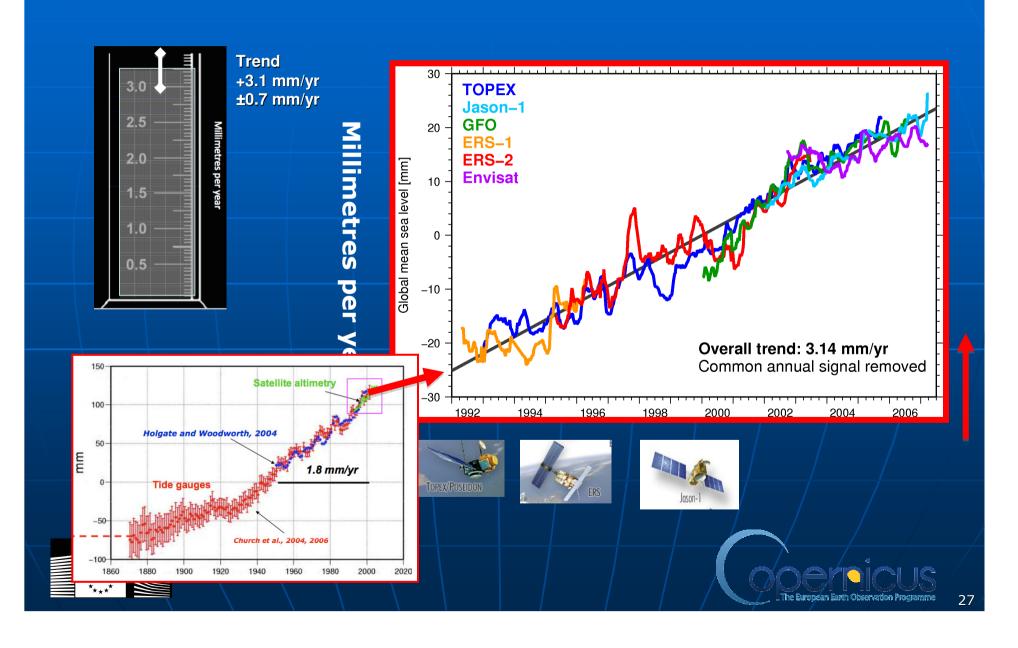
Climate Change Service FP7 Projects

- 1. Climate monitoring & modelling
- 2. Earth system re-analysis & Attribution products
- 3. Climate impact indicators & GHG emission inventories





Climate Change Service Global sea-level rise



Some Copernicus Applications

User Uptake Project – EC funded

- Land
- Land Use and Soil Sealing Indicators
- Use of Land Service data by users in Spain farming and drought management
- Marine
- Supporting the Marine Strategy Framework Directive
- Copernicus Products for Coastal Ecosystem Analysis
- Web Tool to Support Uptake of Marine Products
- Atmosphere
- PM10 Pollution Event Analysis
- Long-Range Pollutant Transport Impact on Air Quality in Remote Regions

EU reporting relevant!





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GMES/Copernicus evolution

- Global Monitoring for Environment and Security:
 - predecessor of Copernicus until 2013
 - established by Regulation (EU) No 911/2010
- Until end-2013: funding for GMES from
 - GMES Initial Operations (GIO) 107 mio EUR
 - FP7 funded pre-operational projects
- From 2014:
 - Copernicus operational phase
 - funding from 2014-2020 MFF: €3.8 Bn





FP7 GMES projects overview

79 GMES projects from 2007 to 2012 FP7 space calls, of which 57 Downstream projects.

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• La	nd	Euro 53 m	Euro 23 m
• Ma	arine	Euro 90 m	Euro 57 m
• Atı	mosphere	Euro 44 m	Euro 8 m
• En	nergency	Euro 49 m	Euro 16 m
• Se	curity	Euro 34 m	Euro 10 m
Cli	imate Change	Euro 19,5 m	Euro 16 m

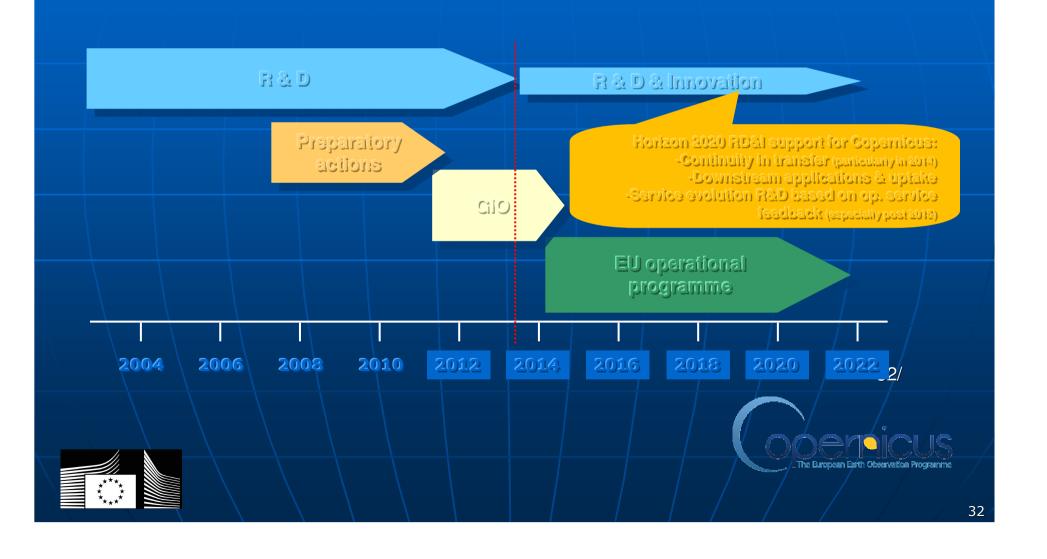
• Total EU contribution: Euro 295 m Euro 130 m



Specific support actions

Euro 5,5 m

GMES/Copernicus Evolution & Transfer to Operations



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Copernicus programme Actions 2014

- Adoption:
 - New Copernicus Regulation
- Calls for the expression of interest
- Delegation agreements
 - ESA, EUMETSAT, EMSA, EEA, ECMWF...
- On-going activities
 - FP7/H2020 projects, Services development & operations





Thank you for your attention



